

COMPLIANCE CORNER

All required monitoring completed?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
All contaminant levels met?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

During the year 2023, the Town of Taylortown was compliant with all Federal and State requirements.

LEAD IN DRINKING WATER

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Town of Taylortown is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

If you have any questions concerning this information, you may contact us at (910) 295-4010, ext 2. Our regular board meetings are held the last Tuesday of each month at 6:00 pm.

2023 WATER QUALITY REPORT



Town of Taylortown

North Carolina

PWSID# 03-63-035

The Town of Taylortown is pleased to provide you with this water quality report. This report is a review of last year's water quality. We believe that informed customers are our best allies. The table shown inside will provide you with the results of our test. We are committed to providing our customers with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. To maintain the quality of your drinking water and to meet the testing requirements mandated by the State and EPA it is necessary to periodically raise water rates to cover these additional expenses.

WHERE DOES YOUR WATER COME FROM?

The water that is used by our system is obtained from ground water this pumped from our 5 wells located within our town limits. Wells # 1, 3, and 5 are located at the elevated water tank on Burch Road. Well # 2 is located at Crocker Avenue and Tom MacIntosh Street. Well # 4 is located behind the Town Hall in the playground.

WHAT IS IN THE WATER?

Water is found in the form of rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the ground or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material. In addition, it also comes in contact with substances resulting from the presence of animals or human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include: (A) *Microbial contaminants*, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife (B) *Inorganic contaminants*, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or

domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming (C) *Pesticides and herbicides*, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses (D) *Organic chemical contaminants*, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production.

Drinking water, including bottled water may be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminates. The presence of these contaminates does not indicate that the water poses a health risk. What matters is what kind of contaminates that are in the water and how much. The Environmental Protection Agency regulates the amounts of contaminates that are acceptable in public drinking water through the Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974 and its amendments. More information about drinking water constituents and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Special Warning

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminates in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised person such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

2023 WATER QUALITY REPORT

Compound & Unit	Highest Level Allowed by Regulation (MCL)	Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MGLG)	Maximum Detected by Town Taylortown	Range	Major Source of Compound
Inorganic Contaminants					
Copper, mg/l (Sampled: September 2021)	AL = 1.3	1.3	<0.050 90 th Percentile	<0.050 <0.050	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
Lead, ppb (Sampled: September 2021)	AL = 15	15	<3.0 90 th Percentile	<3.0 <3.0	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
Mercury (inorganic) (ppb) (Sampled: July 2023)	2	2	1.0 (Well #3)	1.0 1.0	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from refineries and factories; runoff from landfills; runoff from cropland
Disinfectants/Disinfection By-Products					
January through December, 2023					
Chlorine, mg/l	MRDLG = 4.0	MRDL = 4.0	0.67*	0.9 0.40	Water additive used to control microbes
Total Trihalomethane, ppb (Sampled: August 25, 2023)	80	N/A	1.0*	< 1.0 <1.0	By product of drinking water chlorination.
Total Haloacetic Acid, ppb (Sampled: August 25, 2023)	60	N/A	<2.0*	<2.0 <2.0	By product of drinking water chlorination.

The following secondary contaminants are substances that affect the taste, odor, and/or color of drinking water. These aesthetic contaminants normally do not affect the safety of your water.

Compound & Unit	Sample Date	Maximum Detected by the Town of Taylortown	Range	Secondary MCL
			High Low	
Sodium, mg/l	7/17/2023	4.264	N/A	N/A
Iron, mg/l	7/17/2023	<0.060	<0.060	0.300
Manganese	7/17/2023	<0.010	<0.010	0.050
pH	Daily	7.7	7.7 6.7	6.5 to 8.5

AL = Action Level is the concentration of a contaminant which triggers a treatment or other requirement which a water system must follow.

MCL = Maximum Contaminant Level

MCLG = Maximum Contaminant Level Goal is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health.

MRDLG = Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal is the level of disinfectant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected right to health

MRDL = Maximum Residual Disinfection Level is the highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water.

mg/l = milligram per liter, or parts per million

ppb = microgram per liter, or parts per billion

pCi/L = Picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

* Running Annual Average

SOURCE WATER ASSESSMENT

Everyone wants clean, safe drinking water and we assume this naturally resource will always be available to us. However, drinking water can be threatened by many potential contaminant sources (PCS). These include underground storage tanks for gasoline, permitted waste disposal sites, storm water runoff or improper handling of hazardous materials. The Public Water Supply Section of the NC Department of Environment Quality conducted a source water assessment for each well which is our source water supply. The source water assessment is a determination of the susceptibility of each of the wells' potential to become contaminated by potential contaminant sources. The susceptible rating is determined by combining the contaminant rating (number and location of PCSs within the assessment area) and the inherent vulnerability rating (i.e. characteristics or existing conditions of the watershed and its delineated assessment area).

Please note that this rating does not imply poor water quality. The complete SWAP Assessment report for the Taylortown Well Water System may be viewed on the Web at: <https://www.ncwater.org/?page=600>. Note that because SWAP results and reports are periodically updated by the PWS Section, the results available on this web site may differ from the results that were available at the time this Report was prepared.

SWAP Results Summary

If you are unable to access your SWAP report on the web, you may mail a written request for a printed copy to: Source Water Assessment Program – Report Request, 1634 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1634, or email requests to swap@deq.nc.gov. Please indicate our system the water system name and number (PWSID # 01-84-015), and provide your name, mailing address and phone number. If you have any questions about the SWAP report please contact the Source Water Assessment staff by phone at 919-707-9098.

Source Name	Inherent Vulnerability Rating	Contaminant Rating	Susceptibility Rating
WELL #1	Higher	Lower	Moderate
WELL #3	Higher	Moderate	Higher
WELL #4	Higher	Lower	Moderate
WELL #5	Higher	Lower	Moderate
WELL #6	Higher	Lower	Moderate